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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/633,807	08/04/2003	Ervin Wagner	8894.01-1	7226
759	90 01/30/2006		EXAM	INER
Robert L. Judd			CHIU, RAI	LEIGH W
Taglia, Fette, Di	umke & White P.C.			
720 State Street			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
St. Joseph, MI 49085			3711	
			DATE MAILED: 01/30/2000	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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Application No. Applicant(s) 10/633,807 WAGNER, ERVIN Office Action Summary **Examiner Art Unit** 3711 Raleigh Chiu -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --**Period for Reply** A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). **Status** 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 30 December 2005. This action is **FINAL**. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. **Disposition of Claims** 4) Claim(s) <u>1-50</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) 5-9 and 21-50 is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) <u>1-4 and 10-17</u> is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) <u>18-20</u> is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) ____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. **Application Papers** 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on <u>04 August 2003</u> is/are: a) accepted or b) □ objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____. 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____. 6) Other: ____. U.S. Patent and Trademark Office

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 2. Claims 1-4, 10-12 and 14-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Reinprecht (USPN 5,09,620) and applicant's admission of the prior art as set forth in the previous Office action.

Regarding claims 1, 2, 4, 10-12 and 14-17, Figure 1 of
Reinprecht shows a typical tennis training session with an
instructor on one side of the net and the students on the other
side. See column 2, lines 41 et seq. A typical training
session often has the instructor sequentially project a
plurality of game balls toward the student. See instant
specification, paragraph [0001]. It is noted that Reinprecht
teaches the concept of placing targets at specific locations on
the tennis court at which the students aim; striking balls to
such locations (i.e., the corners as shown in Figure 1 of
Reinprecht), are those designed to be shots away or out of reach
by an opponent. Also, Reinprecht specifically discusses that it
is old and well-known in the tennis teaching art to create
difficult patterned drills to mimic match scenarios, and develop

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playing strategies against mimicked match scenarios. See the bridging paragraph between columns 2-3. Moreover, it is old and well-known in the art for team coaches to place people on the court (tennis, basketball, football, etc.) to simulate how a particular point or play is supposed to develop. As Reinprecht introduces the concept of striking particular targets on the court to practice particular shots (down-the-line, crosscourt, etc.) in order to mimic certain or particular match scenarios, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to place a person at a location where a typical player/opponent might stand during that shot to better simulate actual game The persons placed at these locations can be situations. considered simulated opponents for practice purposes. Because tennis play is naturally dynamic, the simulated opponents would naturally and sequentially appear at different locations depending on (1) the direction of the particular ball projected by the instructor and (2) the particular strategy attempted to be employed or scenario attempted to be portrayed. Also, the presence of the Reinprecht targets is considered to naturally train the player to hit the ball away from an opponent, i.e., it is a much more common tennis strategy to hit the ball away from, rather than to, an opponent. The test for obviousness is not whether the features may be bodily incorporated into the

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structure of the primary reference; nor is it that the claimed invention must be expressly suggested in any one or all the references. Rather, the test is what the combined teaching of the references would have suggested to those of ordinary skill in the art.

With further regard to claims 2 and 14, it would have been naturally obvious for a coach, in placing people on the court, to illustrate a particular concept commensurate to the student's skill level.

Regarding claims 3 and 13, tennis ball machines are old and well-known in the art to sequentially project balls to players.

With further regard to claim 10, by having a coach place people on the court, it is submitted that such would naturally allow the tennis player to train placement and muscle memory.

With further regard to claims 15-17, it is also submitted that the people situated on the court by the coach would naturally correspond to the recited simulated opponents.

Allowable Subject Matter

3. Claims 18-20 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

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Conclusion

4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Raleigh Chiu whose telephone number is (571) 272-4408. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Eugene Kim, can be reached on (571) 272-4463.

The fax number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Raleigh W. Chiu Primary Examiner

Technology Center 3700

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19 January 2006